CCMTA

Towards a strategy to address human errors in the motor carrier industry in Canada.

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Overview

- Background:
 - >RSV 2010
 - ➤ Human Factors and Motor Carrier Safety Task Force;
- Phase 1: Human factors in CMV crashes;
- Phase 2: Looking at the situation in Canada;
- Phase 3: Suggested strategy;
- Next steps.



RSV 2010

- National program, aimed for the safest roads in the world by 2010;
- 30% reduction in fatalities and serious injuries 2008-2010 vs. 1996-2001;
- Seven targets, several task forces;
- CMV target: 20% reduction in fatalities and serious injuries.



RSV 2010 (cont'd)

- 2003-2005 mid-term : CMV related fatalities stable, serious injuries increased by 11.6%;
 - 2005-2007: fatalities: 1.8%, serious injuries 3.9%;
- Discussions: what should we do?
- Driver error is where most progress is to be achieved;
- Discussion paper: interventions not risk-based, need a global strategy targeting human factors, driver errors.



Human Factors and Motor Carrier Safety Task Force

- 20 members (government & industry stakeholders);
- Work to be conducted in 36 months window (February 2008 – February 2011);
- Chair wrote the report, periodically provided chapters to task force members for inputs;
- Provided by-annual updates to CCMTA.



Human Factors and Motor Carrier Safety Task Force

- 1. Review crash-causation science, identify problems, identify intervention leads in scientific literature;
- 2. Review current situation in Canada;
- 3. Generate basic strategy;
- Purely scientific, evidence-based & theory-driven report, no policy considerations;
- Starting point, open, ongoing, long-term process.



Phase 1: Evidence-based problem assessment

- Reviewed CMV crash causation and naturalistic driving studies;
- Reviewed NCDB data for 2003-2007;
- Reviewed scientific papers on driver errors and interventions, for both LV and CMV drivers;
- More than 525 references overall.



Phase 1- summing up:

- Studies, data confirm role of driver errors in 80-90% of CMV crashes;
- RE and DE are the main problems;
 - RE: inattention (fatigue and distraction);
 - DE: Whole spectrum of high-risk behaviors;
- Reviewed science for contributing factors and intervention leads, drafted first recommendations.



Phase II: Looking at the situation in Canada

- Conducted three online surveys:
 - Carrier survey (56 carriers from 6 provinces);
 - Industry association survey (6);
 - Government survey (CRA members).
- Conducted analysis of NSC;
- Phase 1 draft recommendations stand, reinforced.



Phase III: Strategy

- Issued 44 recommendations:
 - Fatigue: 16;
 - Distraction: 17;
 - Risky driving: 11.
- R & D is central to most of them;
- Marginal regulatory impacts;
- Working closely with industry.



Next steps

- Stakeholders to take winter months to review report and reconvene in the spring to discuss future steps:
 - Reactions to suggested actions;
 - Fit with RSS-2015 framework, initiatives prioritization;
 - How projects could be conducted, by whom, and with what resources.
- Chair to develop these issues further and provide suggestions to stakeholders prior to spring meeting.



Questions?

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Task force members

TC - P. Thiffault (Chair)

QC – P. Gobeil (Vice-chair)

TC - P. Boase/A.

TC - Chouinard/S. Peddie

YT - T. Erman

PE – G. Miner

ON – **C.** Brant/**G.** Stewart

QC - E. Morasse

BC – G. Gilks

FMCSA – M. Walker

CBA – D. Haire

CTA – G. Wood

Teamsters – P. Benson

MCC – B. Crow/D. Carroll

OBAC – J. Ritchie

PMTC – B. Richards

PSAC – P. Delaney

HSRT – J. Goss

CCMTA - V. Todd

