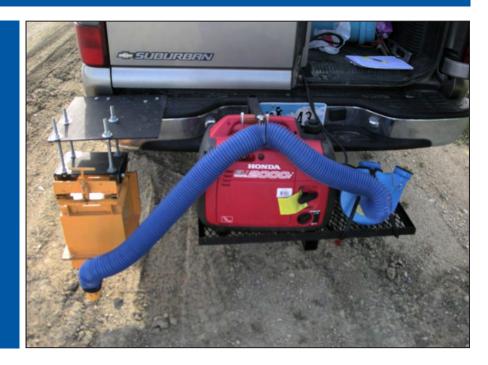
# **MOUNTAIN-PLAINS CONSORTIUM**

RESEARCH BRIEF | MPC 19-386A (project 451) | September 2019

Assessing the Cost-Effectiveness of Wyoming's CMAQ Unpaved Road Dust Suppression Program, Year 1



### the **ISSUE**

For a number of years, Wyoming counties have used congestion mitigation and air quality improvement (CMAQ) funds to apply dust suppressants to their unpaved roads. This study will monitor dust suppressant application and fugitive dust emissions to provide a comprehensive assessment of the effectiveness of the dust suppression efforts.

#### the **RESEARCH**

The study utilized field data and comprehensive analysis to examine the effectiveness of various dust suppressants. This included monitoring dust suppressant application, surfacing aggregate type, traffic, weather, roadway performance, and fugitive dust emissions to provide a comprehensive assessment of the effectiveness of the dust suppression efforts paid for with CMAQ funds. Because of the performance difference between unpaved roads in drier and wetter climates, the results from this study are most applicable to the interior western United States and other dry climates throughout the world. The methodologies developed during this study may be applied to assess the effectiveness of any dust control efforts, regardless of differences in precipitation.



A University Transportation Center sponsored by the U.S. Department of Transportation serving the Mountain-Plains Region. Consortium members:



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# **Project Title**

Assessing the Cost-Effectiveness of Wyoming's CMAQ Unpaved Road Dust Suppression Program, Year 1

## **Sponsors | Partners**

Wyoming Department of Transportation (WYDOT)

**Wyoming Counties** 

Wyoming Association of County Engineers and Road Supervisors (WACERS)

USDOT, Research and Innovative Technology Administration

#### the **FINDINGS**

The results of the study indicated that a three-hour data collection period should be used to obtain accurate results and to optimize the data collection time. It is also necessary to set a threshold value from which an an average dust concentration can be calculated. The study found that dust suppression treatments are reducing dust concentrations on roads to nearly zero. This indicates that the CMAQ funds are being used effectively.

#### the **IMPACT**

The study will provide basic information to effectively use dust suppressants and CMAQ funds. The knowledge from this research will help in selecting the most cost-effective use of dust suppressants and CMAQ funds for gravel roads. Also, the effective use of dust suppressants will lower dust emissions and mainternance cost for agencies using dust suppressants in addition to lower user costs. Finally, by reducing raveling, loose aggregate, dust and washboards, safety on unpaved road surfaces will be improved.

For more information on this project, download the entire report at http://www.ugpti.org/resources/reports/details.php?id=963

For more information or additional copies, visit the Web site at www.mountain-plains.org, call (701) 231-7767 or write to Mountain-Plains Consortium, Upper Great Plains Transportation Institute, North Dakota State University, Dept. 2880, PO Box 6050, Fargo, ND 58108-6050.



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