

An Analytical and Data Visualization Framework to Identify High Priority Parking Needs from a Geographical and Temporal Demand and Supply Perspective

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Source: Texas Department of Transportation

Study Objectives

- Use Electronic Logging Device (ELD) data to develop an analytical framework for use by State Departments of Transportation to:
 - Assess truck parking needs.
 - Inform truck parking policy.
 - Prioritize investments in rest areas/facilities.



Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- When and where do truck drivers stop because of HOS?
- Where are unauthorized truck parking clusters relative to the nearest truck parking facilities?
- What are the sizes of unauthorized truck parking clusters along the corridors?
- What is the capacity of truck parking facilities relative to the unauthorized truck parking clusters?
- Where are nearby truck parking facilities *when* the closest truck parking facility to the unauthorized parking cluster is completely full?

Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- Selected two corridors in consultation with FMCSA
 - Current truck parking issues
 - Freight states (e.g., a state with port of entry)
 - States with urban centers (e.g., a state with consumers)
 - Rural state (e.g., state with rural areas)
 - Available data

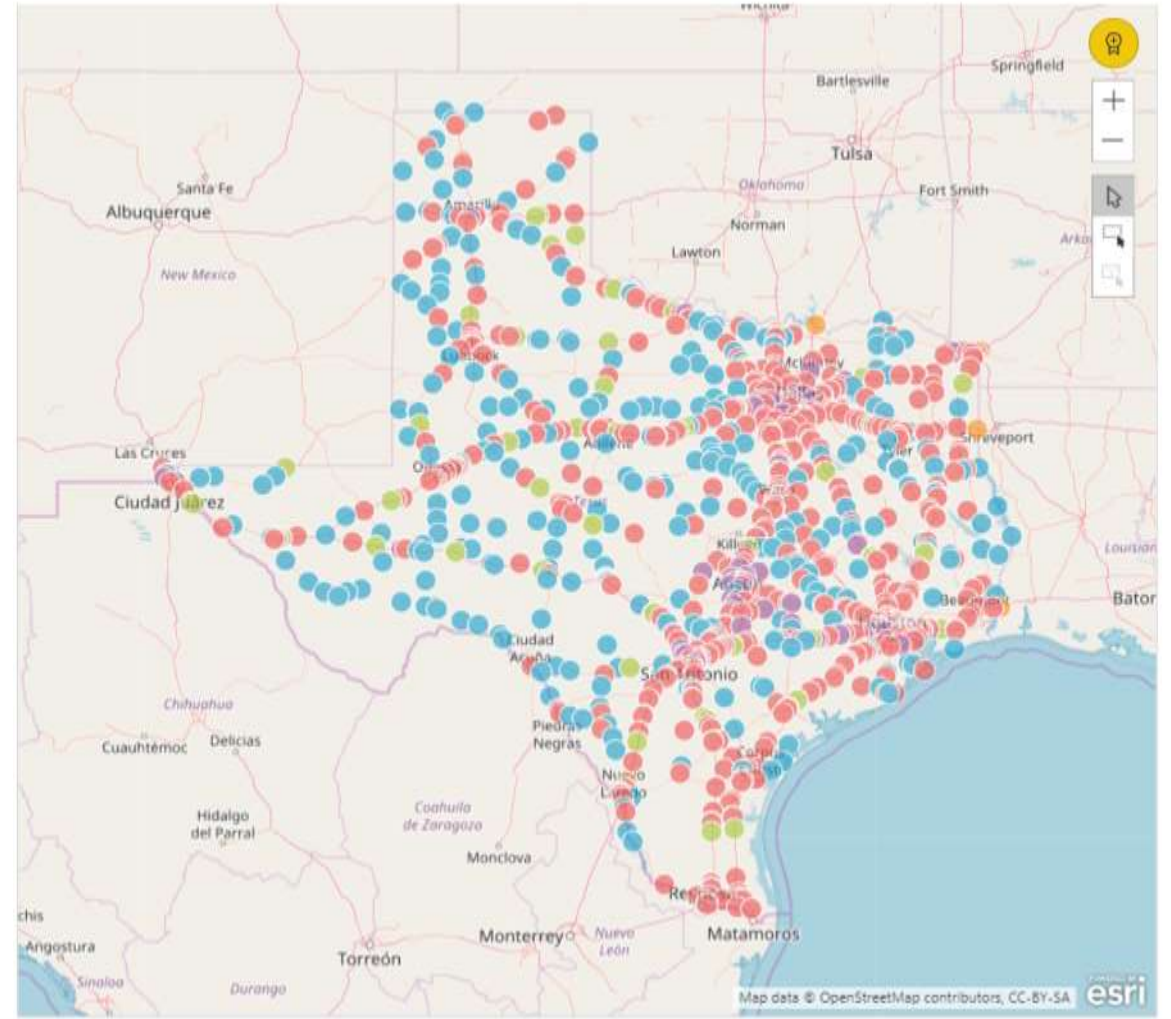
Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- IH 35 Corridor
 - Texas
 - Oklahoma
 - Kansas
- IH 90 Corridor
 - Washington
 - Idaho
 - Montana



Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- ELD data
- Roadway Geometry data
 - Federal Highway Administration's Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS)
- Truck parking facilities data
 - American Truck Parking
 - Texas Truck Database

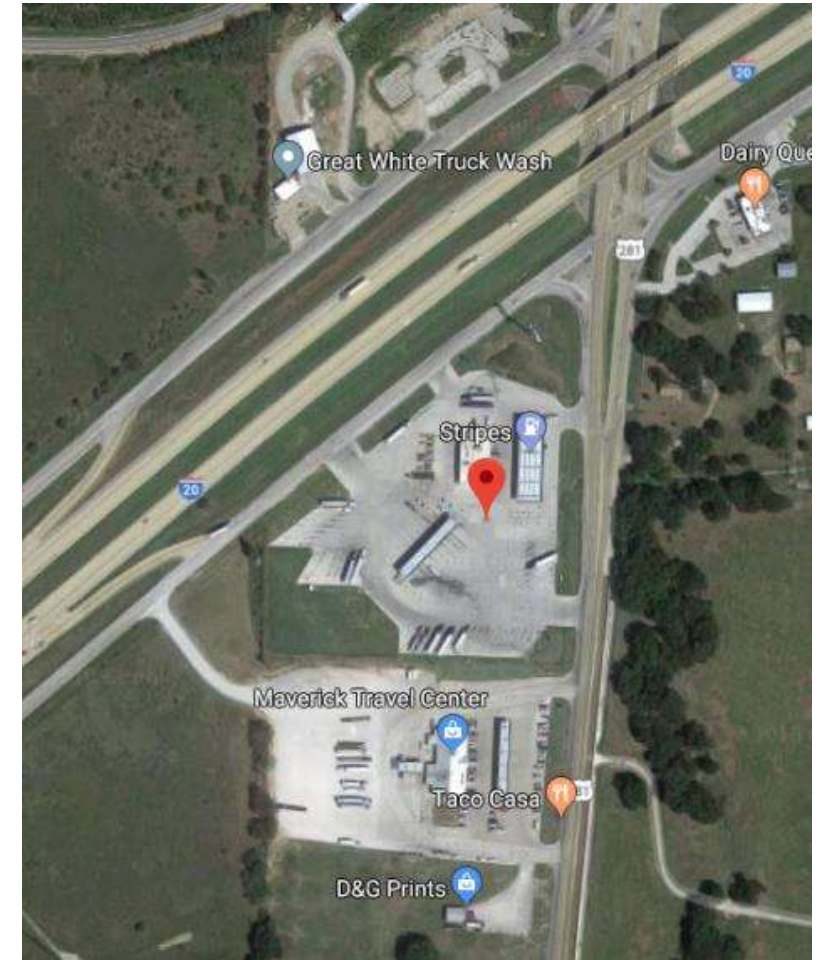


Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- ELD Data
 - Covered April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019
 - Trucks stopping > 30 minutes because of HOS requirements
 - Buffer zone of 1,000 meters (i.e., one kilometer)
 - Helped to better distinguish unauthorized parking clusters from authorized parking clusters
 - Truck parking clusters:
 - 380 parking clusters along IH 35
 - 276 parking clusters along IH 90

Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- Data Analytics Dashboards to visualize data
 - Where, when, and for how long truck drivers stop
 - Unauthorized parking clusters relative to parking facilities
 - Capacity of truck parking facilities along corridor





IH 35 Corridor

Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- 215 truck parking facilities
- 9,042 truck parking spaces
- Average distance between truck parking facilities is 5.5 miles
- 380 sample truck parking clusters obtained
 - 61 unauthorized parking clusters (or 16 % of the sample clusters)
- Average size (number of trucks) of unauthorized parking clusters is 1.2 trucks
- Average distance between the unauthorized parking clusters and the nearest truck parking facility 4.62 miles



Distance Between Truck Parking Facilities Along IH 35

Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework



Corridor

Stop Type

Direction

I-35 Clusters

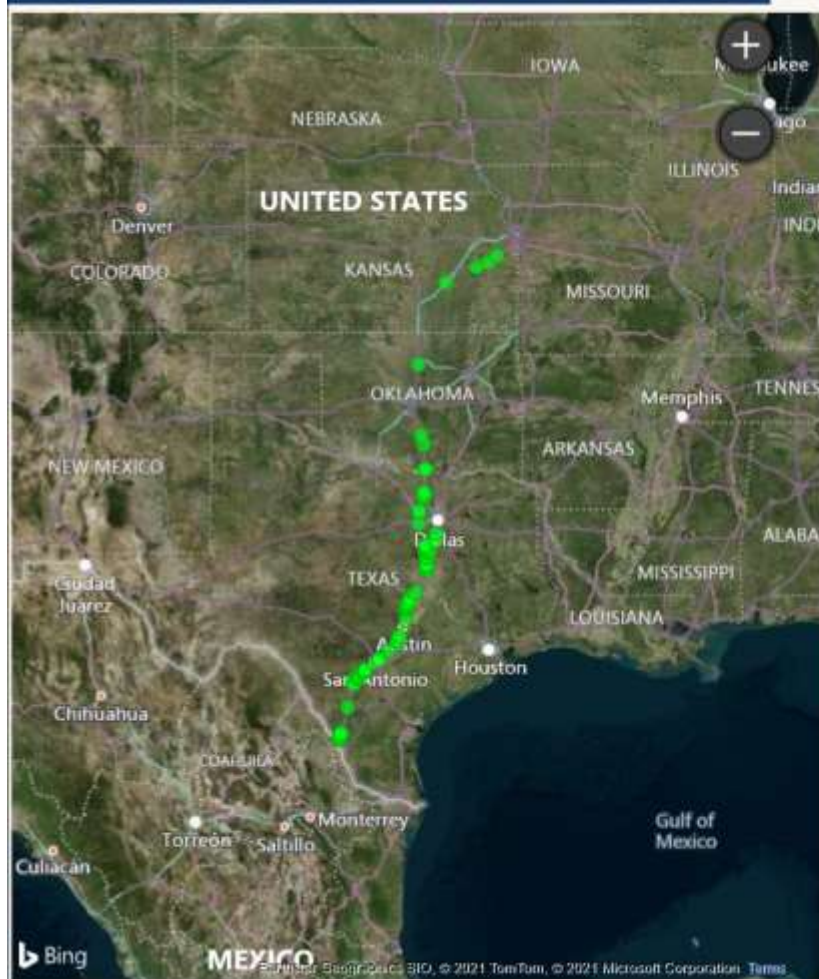
Cluster Count	Unique Origins	Unique Destinatio...
380	1155	991

- I-35
- I-90

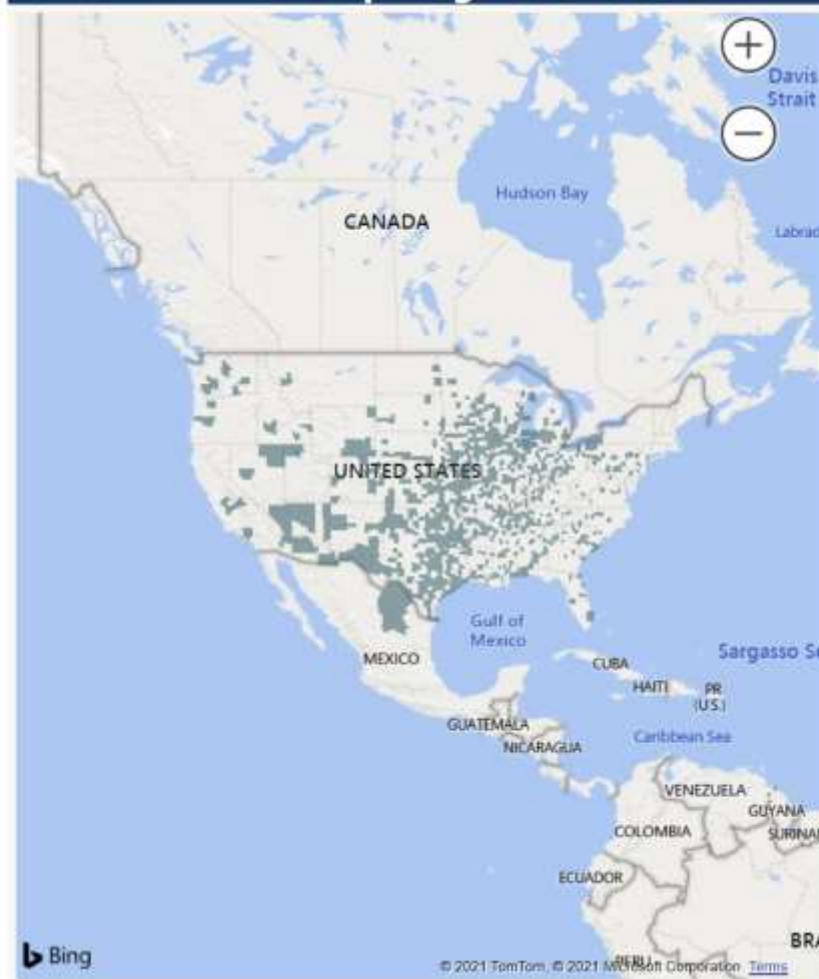
- Authorized
- Unauthorized

- NB
- SB
- Unclassifiable

I-35 Unauthorized Clusters



Trip Origins



Trip Destinations



I-35 Corridor - Arrivals at Parking Clusters

Stop Type

Authorized

Unauthorized

Direction

NB

SB

Unclassifiable

Number of Arrivals

43754

Avg. Distance from Nearest Facility (mi)

4.51

Total Number of Clusters

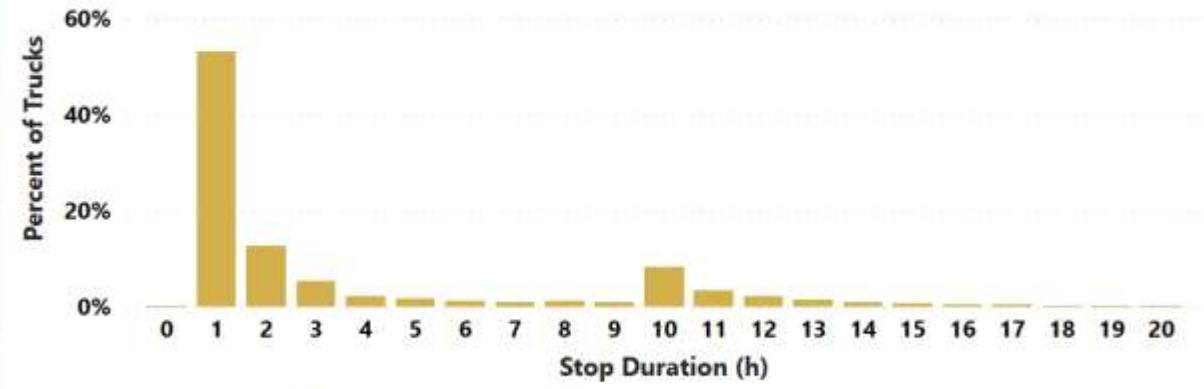
380

Stop Duration (hr)

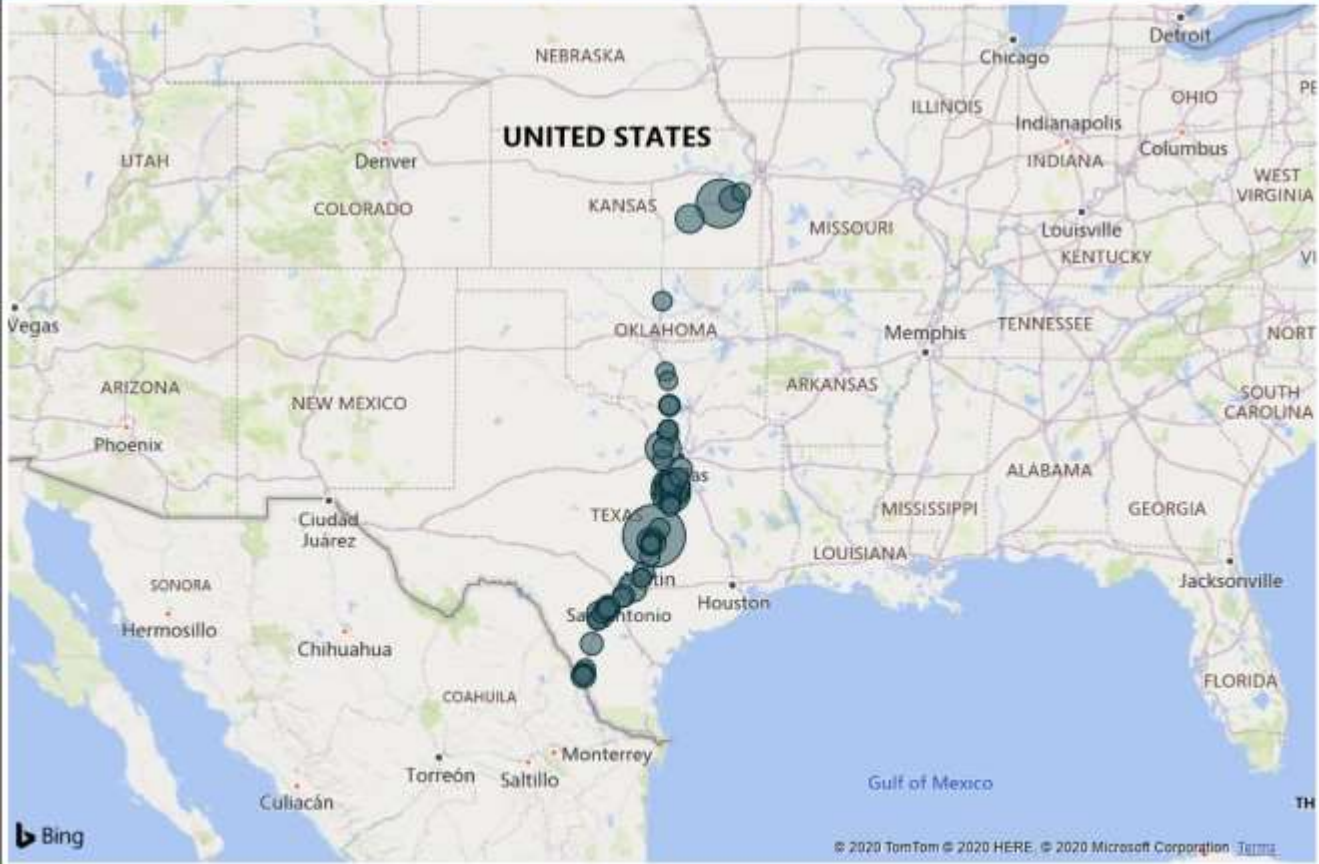
0 20

Unauthorized Category

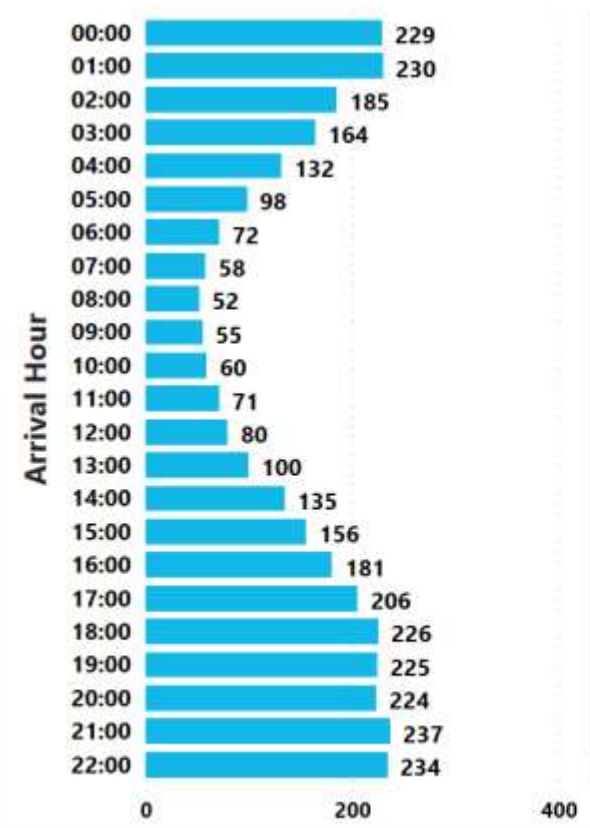
All ▼



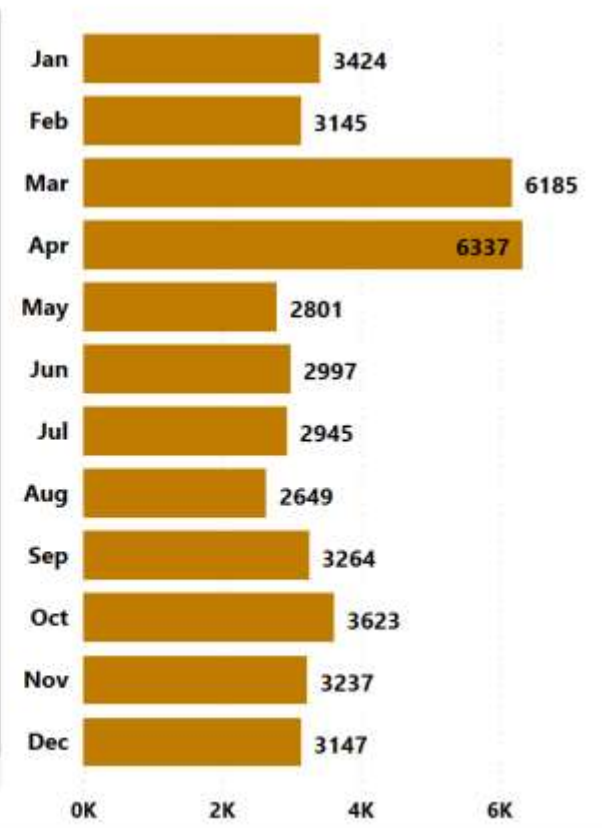
I-35 Unauthorized Clusters



Monthly Average of Arrivals During Each Hour



Number of Arrivals by Month



I-35 Corridor - Parking Clusters

Stop Type

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Direction

- NB
- SB
- Unclassifiable

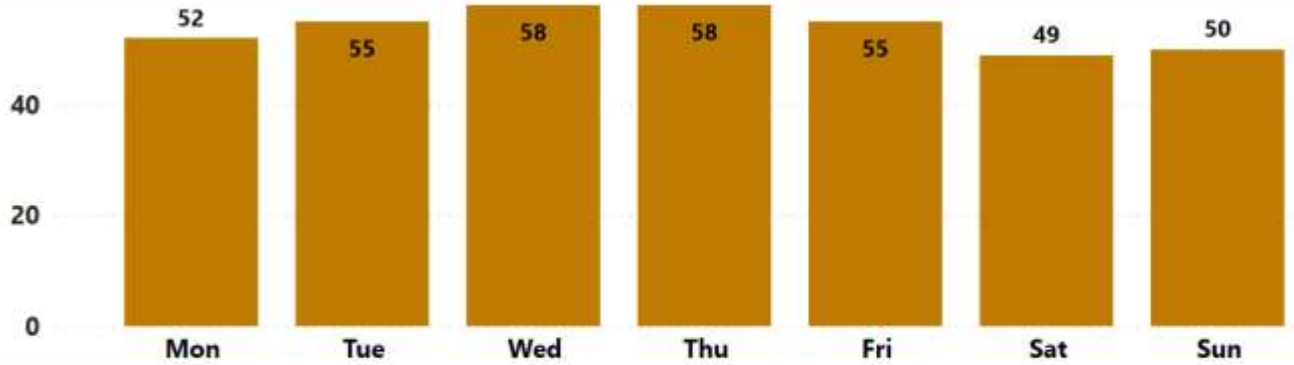
Arrival Hour



Unauthorized Category

All

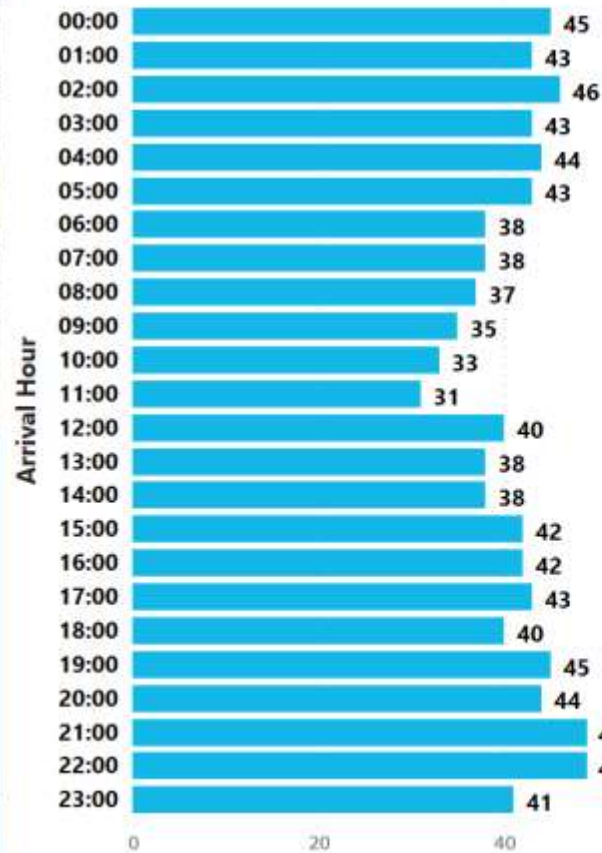
Number of Clusters



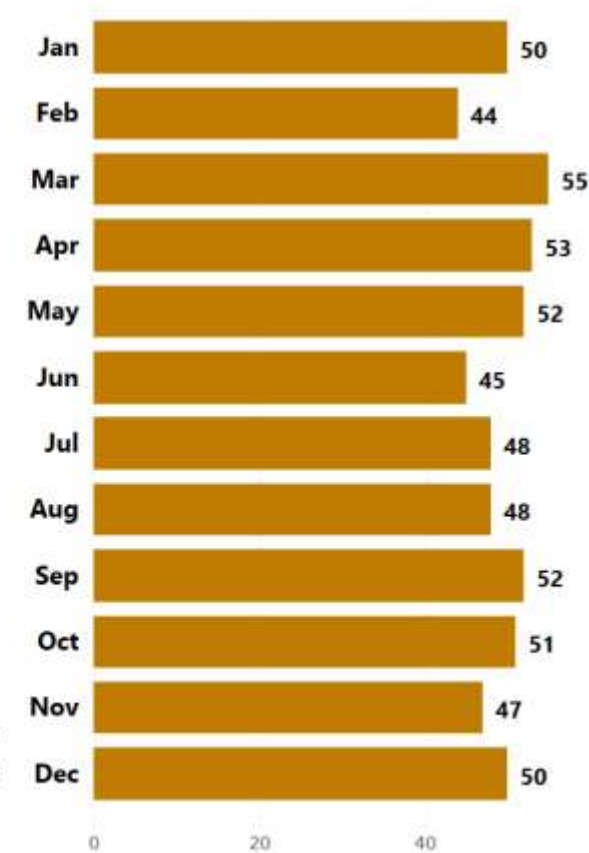
I-35 Unauthorized Clusters



Hourly Distribution of Number of Clusters



Number of Clusters by Month



I-35 Corridor - Unauthorized Parking Clusters

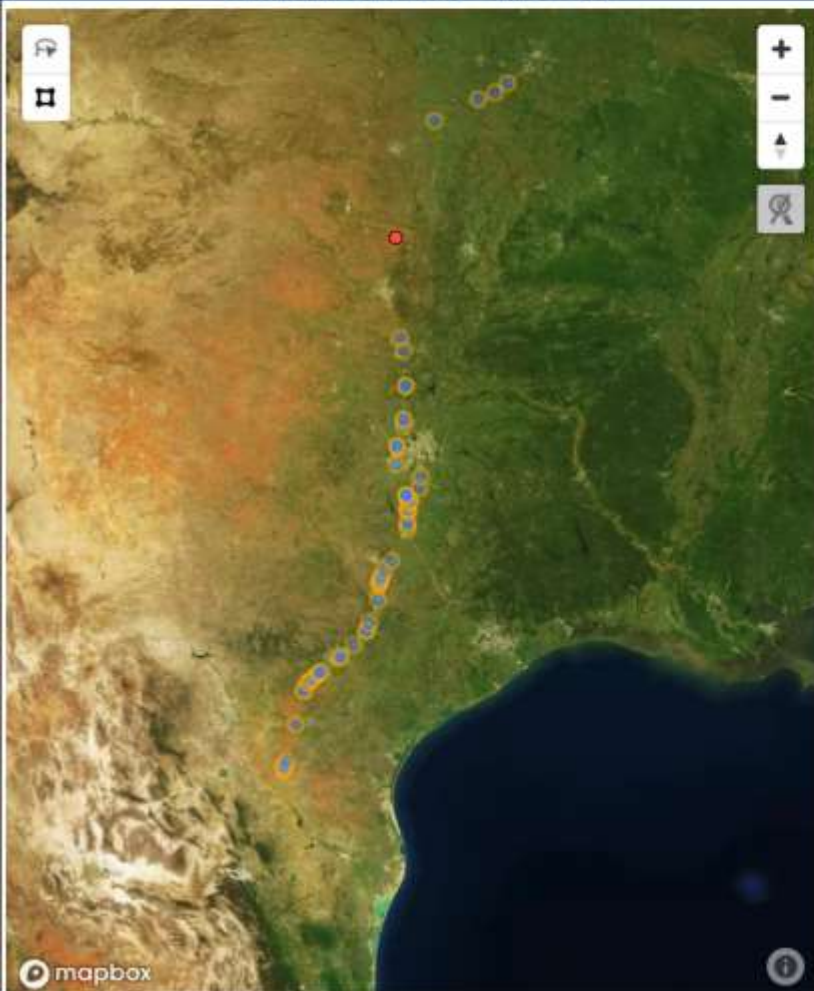
Number of Truck Spaces within Selected Distance

948

Avg. Truck Volume for Nearest Highway Section

5,832

Unauthorized Clusters



Maximum Driving Distance from Selected Cluster (mi)

60



Truck Parking Facilities



Facility ID	Distance from Cluster (mi)	Truck Spaces
F35-212	0.07	5
F35-117	0.99	23
F35-141	8.45	10
F35-142	9.45	10
F35-211	12.17	10
F35-210	13.61	4
F35-209	15.63	5
F35-213	16.90	23
F35-144	22.53	16
F35-143	22.60	16
F35-214	25.05	95
F35-215	28.16	124
F35-116	29.00	105
F35-137	37.70	17
F35-136	37.71	18

Truck Spaces	within Driving Distance (mi)
48	10
62	15
90	20
122	25
446	30
446	35
513	40
513	45
720	50

Truck Parking Needs Assessment Framework

- Interesting differences:
 - Number and percentage of unauthorized truck parking clusters
 - Size of the unauthorized truck parking clusters
 - Categories of unauthorized parking clusters
 - Temporal distribution of the truck arrivals
 - Average distance between the unauthorized parking clusters and the nearest truck parking facilities
 - Average stopped time at the unauthorized truck parking clusters
 - Demand for short term parking is evident

Future Research

- Short-term and long-term parking needs
- Emerging pay-to-park business model
- Use of truck parking capacity by time of day, day of week, or month



Source: Texas Department of Transportation

Questions

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Source: Texas Department of Transportation