TRANSPORTATION IN NORTH DAKOTA

North Dakota Department of Transportation April 2010



Purpose of Meetings

– Section 24-01-01 of NDCC: Legislative Assembly determines and declares that an adequate and integrated system of roads and streets is essential to the general welfare of the state of North Dakota and the system is to provide safe and efficient highway transportation throughout the state.



Purpose of the Meeting TransAction II

- Statewide transportation plan (2007)
- Initiative 1: Strategically prioritize the use of transportation resources, and define levels of service to be provided and maintained.





Purpose of the Meeting TransAction II

- Initiative 2: Enhance communication and facilitate cooperation and collaboration between and within governmental units, tribal authorities, modes of transportation, and public and private sectors.
 - District Engineers met with local officials
 - UGPTI review of levels of service
 - Statewide meeting on May 17, 2010
 Kelly Inn Bismarck



Purpose of Meetings

• Discuss prioritization of resources.

• Present levels of service that can be provided with existing resources.

Consensus on the level of service.



Federal Funding

- Federal Aid is vital to our system. Historically, North Dakota received about \$2 for every \$1 contributed to the Federal Highway Trust Fund.
- Federal Aid makes up about 57% of NDDOT budget.



Federal Funding

- March 18th President signed "HIRE Act" (Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act)
 - Extend authorization of federal highway and transit programs through December 31, 2010
 - Provide \$19.5 billion to keep Highway Trust Fund solvent
 - Restore \$8.7 billion in contract authority that had been rescinded



SAFETEA-LU Funding for ND

	2005 (\$ millions)	2006 (\$ millions)	2007 (\$ millions)	2008 (\$ millions)	2009 (\$ millions)	2010 (\$ millions) as of 3/15/10
Apportionment	\$220	\$224	\$226	\$244	\$259	\$69*
Obligations (Spending Auth. From trans. handbook)	\$203	\$204	\$231	\$235	\$245	\$217
ARRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$90	\$80

Federal Funding

- Federal Funds shared with counties and cities:
 - NDDOT 74.99%
 - Cities 16.57%
 - Counties 8.44%
- ND Hwy Distribution Fund percentages:
 - State 61.3%
 - Cities 13%
 - Counties 21.5 %
 - Townships 2.7%
 - Transit 1.5%





Federal Funding

- House Authorizing Committee Oberstar Bill
 - Decreases number of Federal Programs
 - Increases Funding but not for Core Programs
 - Places an emphasis on Urban Areas
- Challenges in the donee vs. donor relationship



State Budget

- During the last legislative session, the State of North Dakota committed an unprecedented \$1.35 billion including federal funds for transportation-- an increase from \$903 million in the previous biennium.
 - \$176.1 million in ARRA (stimulus)
 - \$59.9 million weather related (state)
 - \$43 million disaster related (state)
 - \$86 million in Emergency Relief
 - \$47.2 million additional regular federal funds
 - \$34 million in state funds for projects





State Funding

- Following our priorities, NDDOT put the money to good use.
- Additional state funding allowed NDDOT to complete:
 - Over 300 miles of road surfacing work
 - Thin lift overlays
 - Seal coatings
 - Pavement repair
- Local entities fixed roadways (flood/winter issues)



State and Federal Funding

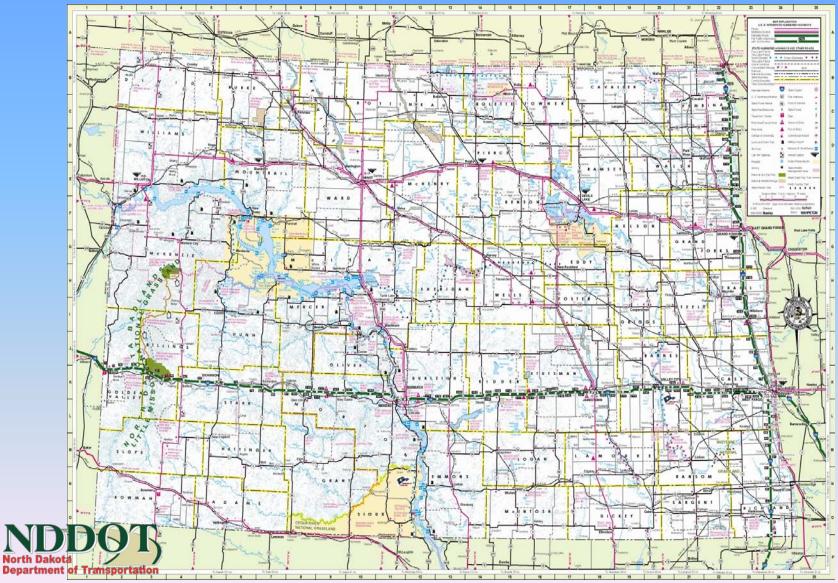
- Transportation funding is vital to our economy:
 - Every \$1 million of highway construction funding supports approximately 30 jobs in our state.



State Transit Studies

- Statewide Transit Needs Study
 - Results will be presented at Statewide Meeting on May 17th
- SB 2223 Regional Transit Pilot Study NDDOT working with Small Urban & Rural Transit Center on two pilot projects









- Population growing
- •Seeing a population shift
- Many of our small rural communities no longer offer basic health care services, shopping and employment opportunities.



Some school districts have bus routes that extend into as many as six counties and across state boundaries.

1967 - 1968 **438 School Districts** 2009 - 2010 **184 School Districts**

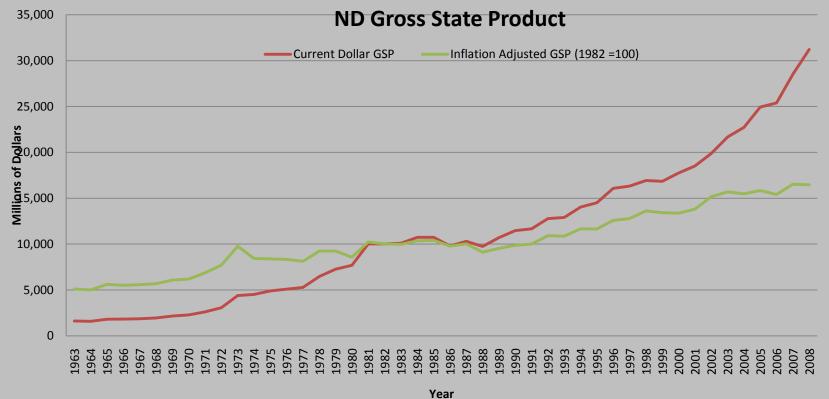




Drive at higher speeds
Expect smoother and safer roads
Businesses haul larger and heavier loads

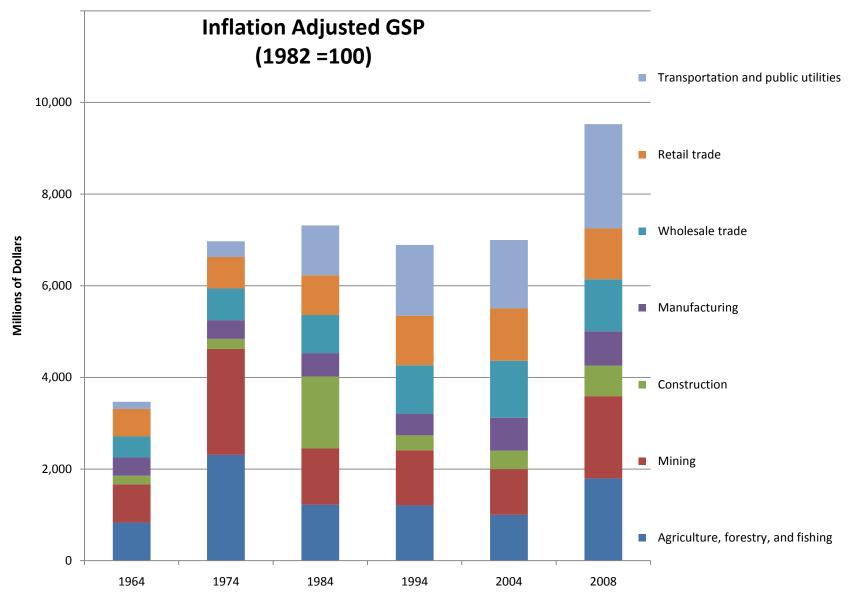


North Dakota's Economy is growing



1963 to 2008

North Dakota's Economy is growing



Products and industry changing

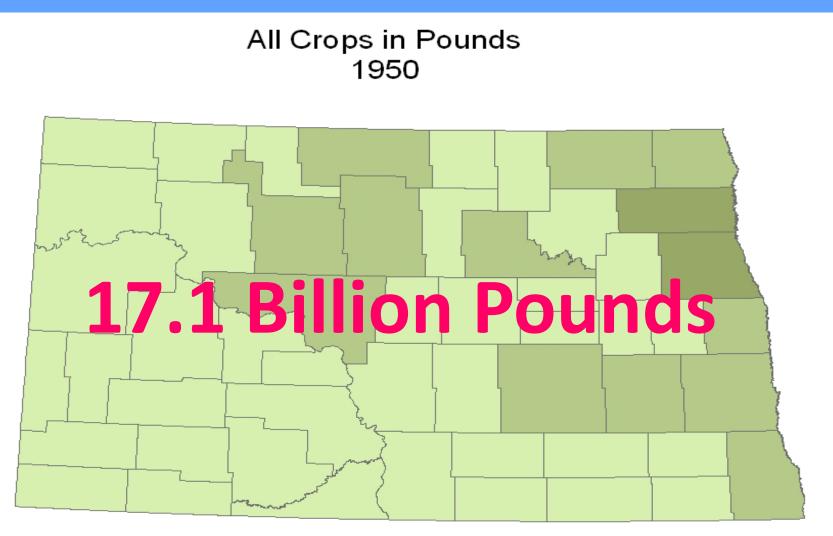


Manufacturing

 North Dakota was one of only a handful of states to experience a growth in manufacturing.

- Agriculture
 - Increased
 - production
 - New crops

- Energy
 - Oil
 - Gas
 - Wind
- Biofuels
- Ethanol

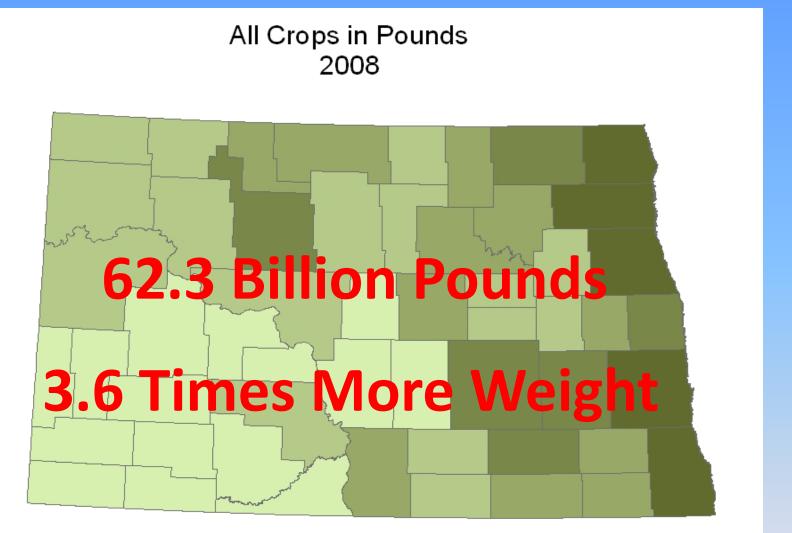


Legend

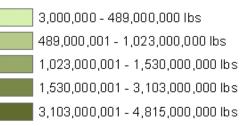
3,000,000 - 489,000,000 lbs 489,000,001 - 1,023,000,000 lbs 1,023,000,001 - 1,530,000,000 lbs 1,530,000,001 - 3,103,000,000 lbs 3,103,000,001 - 4,815,000,000 lbs



Source: National Agricultural Statistics Service



Legend



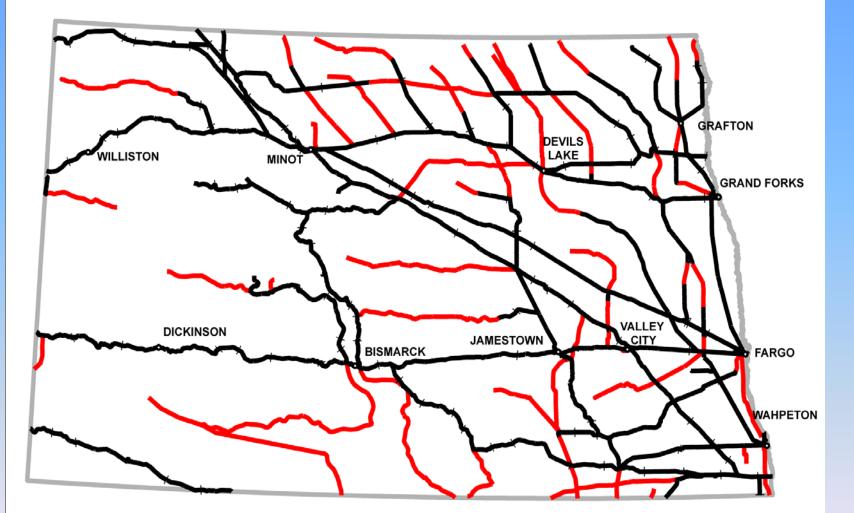


<u>1950</u>

Five Class 1 Railroads 5,243 Miles

Two Class 1 Railroads Five Shortlines 3,409 Miles

1950 to 2010 Branchline Abandonments





<u>1950</u>

- 1,025 Licensed
 Elevators
- 60 million Bushel
 Capacity

<u>2008</u>

- 402 Licensed
 Elevators
- 288 million Bushel
 Capacity





1950 Gross Vehicle Weight 73,280 Pounds

2010 Gross Vehicle Weight 105,500 Pounds



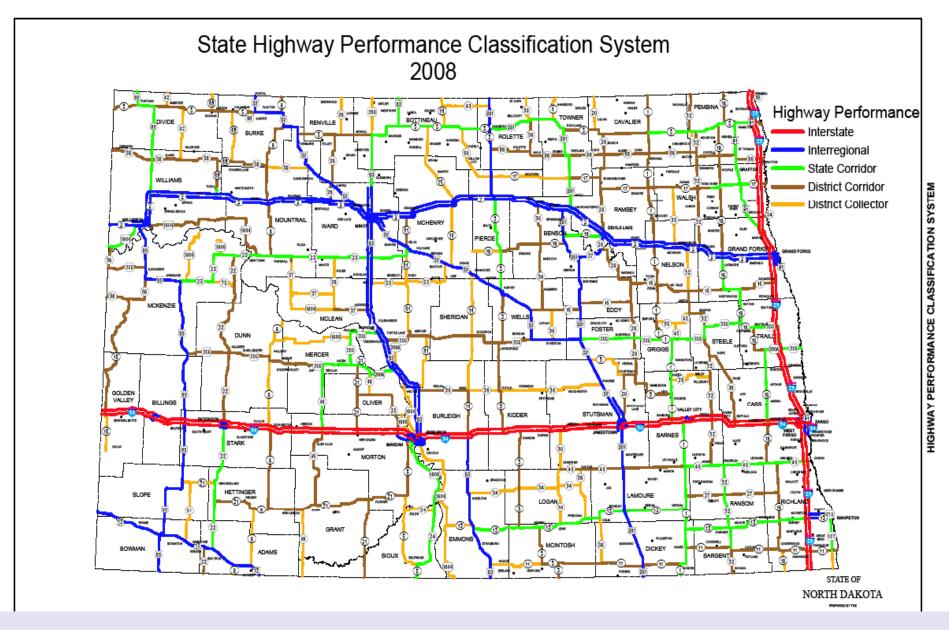
ND driving habits changing

- In the 1960's there were 440,000 registrations.
- In 2009, there were 952,000 registrations.



- In 1950's motorists drove 2.3 billion vehicle miles annually.
- In 2008 motorists drove 7.6 billion vehicle miles annually.







Highway Performance Classification System (HPCS)

 In 2005, the Legislature endorsed the concept and required NDDOT, to the extent possible, to implement the Highway Performance Classification System (HPCS).



Highway Performance Classification System (HPCS)

Investment strategy – appropriately distributes funds to the following priority levels:

- Interstate System
- Interregional System
- State Corridors
- District Corridors
- District Collectors





Highway Performance Classification System Status

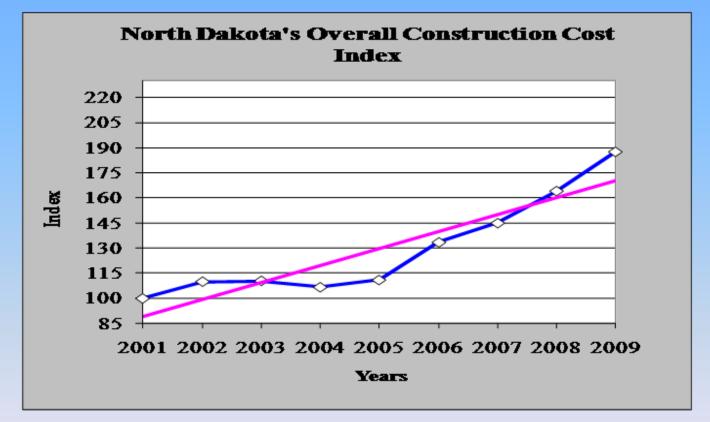
Performance Measures show we have made some progress but we haven't been able to meet HPCS performance guidelines:

- Preventive Maintenance Program
 Short-term fixes, thin lift overlays, etc.
- Narrower roadways
- Reduced shoulder width
- Load Restrictions



Major challenge for all levels of government

Inflation



Between 2001 to 2009, North Dakota's overall construction cost index rose 88 percent

Cost of Doing Business

<u>2004</u> 3" Overlay - \$150,000 per mile Seal coat - \$16,000 per mile

<u>2009</u> 3" Overlay - \$275,000 per mile Seal coat - \$28,000 per mile

Construction Investment

• Interstate - \$58,285(per mile)

• Non-Interstate - \$30,900(per mile)



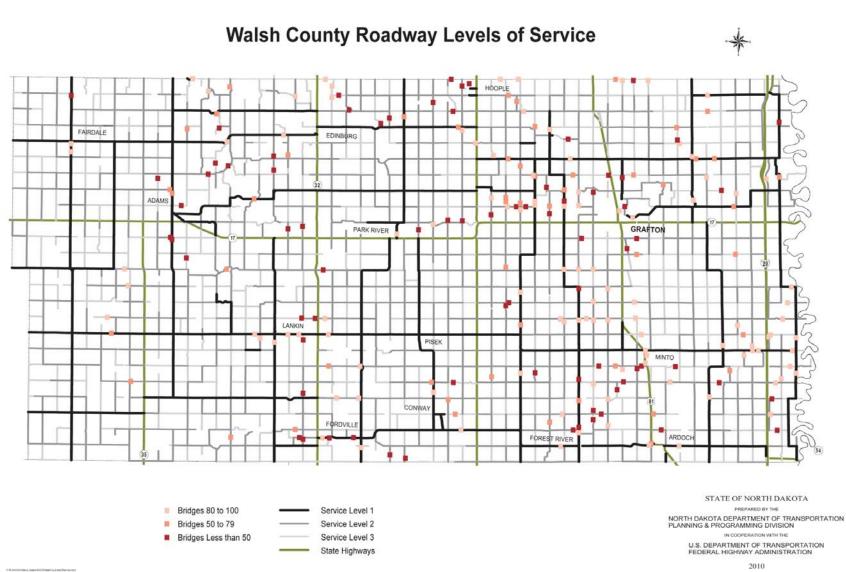
Maintenance/ Operating Costs (per year)

NDDOT Budgets \$9,200/mile

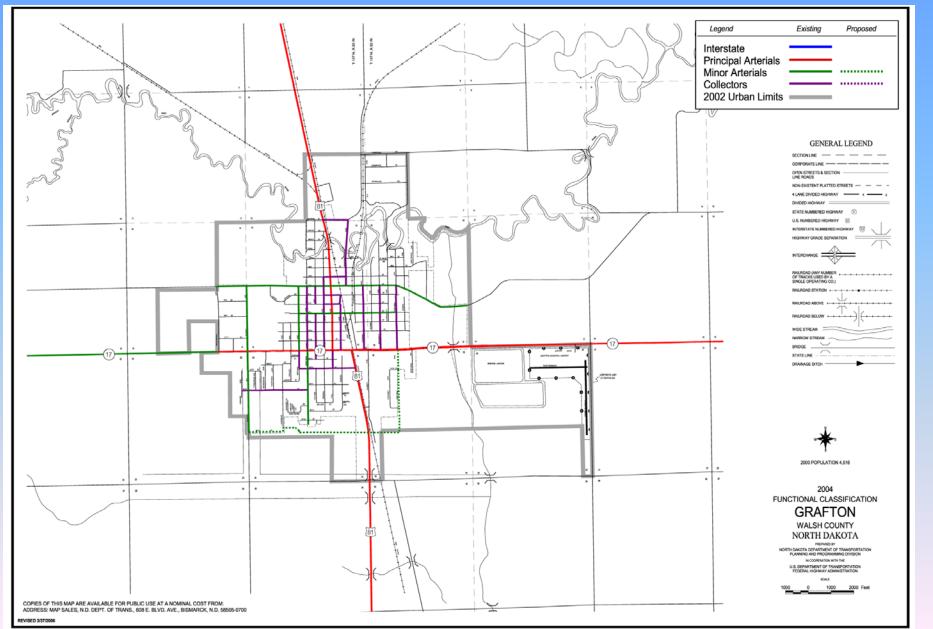
 2,720 vehicles based on fuel user fees



County Roadway Classification System



City Roadway Classification System



Service Level Expectations

- Maintenance Expectations
 - Snow & ice control
 - Traffic signals
- Expansion/Improvement
 - Adding miles to system
 - Paved roadways
 - Load carrying capacity
- Balance expected level of service with available resources.



Highway Safety

• Safety is our number one priority.

One fatality is too many. Goal is for zero deaths on roadways.

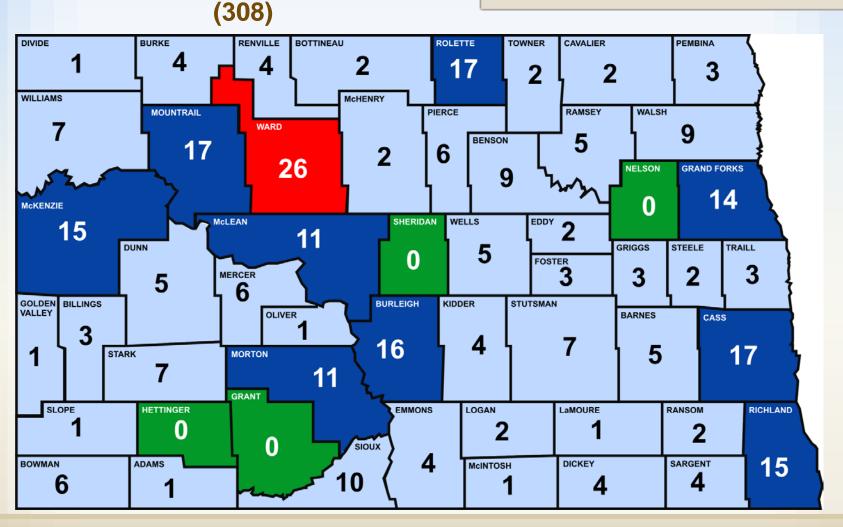
- Primary contributing factors to fatal crashes
 - Alcohol
 - Not using seatbelts
 - Speed
 - Lane departure



2007-2009 Total Fatal Crashes

TOTAL FATAL CRASHES

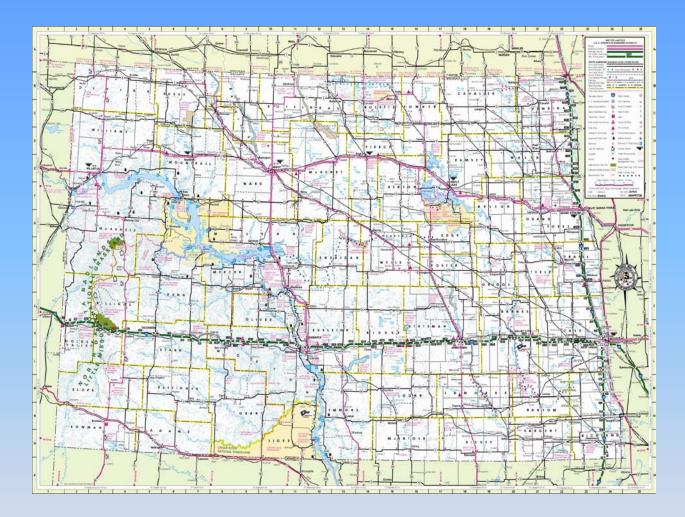
0 1-10 11-2021 & over



Highway Safety

- NDDOT Mission: "Providing a transportation system that safely moves people and goods"
 - Safety Improvements adding turning and passing lanes, intersection improvements, etc.
 - -Rumble strips on all state highways
- Consolidated safety functions within NDDOT





We value your input. Thank you.

